

2. Utensils and Tools used for sampling should be cleaned prior to use, except when approved pre-packaged items, such as sterile disposables, are used.
3. Sampling Area Environmental Conditions should be equivalent to those required for the use of the material in manufacturing.
4. Sterile Materials should be sampled in areas with an air classification of Grade A.
5. Sampling Activities that Occur Outdoors (e.g., tanker trucks, rail cars, and solvent drums) should be performed in a manner to prevent contamination from foreign matter.
6. Sampled Containers should each be labeled to indicate the date on which they were sampled and the name of the sampler. This label should remain in place on the container during all subsequent production use.
7. Apparel for Sampling Personnel, except when sampling non-product-contact materials (e.g., cartons), should include clean clothing and protective attire, such as:  
head, face, hand, or arm coverings, shoe covers, respirators, or masks, as necessary to protect personnel and the integrity of both the sample and the material being sampled.
8. Sample Names should be the name of the material used in the approved specification for the material. The grade of material should be specified in the name, where applicable.